111TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5828

To reform the universal service provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 22, 2010

Mr. BOUCHER (for himself and Mr. Terry) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To reform the universal service provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Universal Service Re-
- 5 form Act of 2010".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 (a) In General.—Section 3(a) of the Communica-
- 8 tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(a)) is amended—
- 9 (1) by adding the following new paragraphs:

1	"(53) Communications service provider.—
2	The term 'communications service provider' means
3	any entity that—
4	"(A) contributes to or receives universal
5	service support for the most recent calendar
6	quarter ending before the date of enactment of
7	the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010;
8	"(B) uses telephone numbers or Internet
9	protocol addresses, or their functional equiva-
10	lents or successors, to offer a service or a capa-
11	bility—
12	"(i) that provides or enables real-time
13	2-way voice communications; and
14	"(ii) in which the voice component is
15	the primary function; or
16	"(C) offers directly to the public, or to
17	such classes of users as to be effectively avail-
18	able directly to the public, a physical trans-
19	mission facility, whether circuit-switched, pack-
20	et-switched, a leased line, or using radio fre-
21	quency transmissions (regardless of the form,
22	protocol, or statutory classification of the serv-
23	ice) that allows an end user to obtain access
24	from a particular end user location to a net-
25	work that permits the end user to engage in

electronic communications (including telecommunications) with the public.

"(54) High-cost support.—The term 'high-cost support' means high cost loop support, high cost model support, local switching support, interstate access support, and interstate common line support, as such forms of support are described in part 54 of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations, respectively, as in effect on the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010, or any other support or revenue recovery mechanism established by the Commission as part of the high cost fund of the universal service fund pursuant to section 254 or the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010.

"(55) High-speed broadband service.—

"(A) DEFINITION.—The term 'high-speed broadband service' means a 2-way network that uses Internet protocol (and the associated capabilities and functionalities, services, and applications provided over an Internet protocol platform or for which an Internet protocol capability is an integral component) and services, facilities, equipment, or applications that enable an end-user to receive communications in Inter-

net protocol format, regardless of whether the communications are voice, data, video, or any other form, at or exceeding the minimum data rate requirement established by the Commission under section 254(q).

- "(B) Internet protocol.—In subparagraph (A), the term 'Internet protocol' means the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol or any predecessor or successor protocols to such protocol.
- "(56) Mobile Wireless Communications Service.—The term 'mobile wireless communications service' means a commercial mobile service (as defined in section 332(d)), except that such term shall only apply to such service as it relates to 2-way communications.
- "(57) Mobile Wireless Communications Service Provider.—The term 'mobile wireless communications service provider' means a provider of a mobile wireless communications service."; and
- (2) by reordering paragraphs (1) through (52) of such section and the additional paragraphs added by paragraph (1) of this section in alphabetical order based on the headings of such paragraphs and renumbering such paragraphs as so reordered.

1	(b) Rule of Construction.—Terms used in this
2	Act shall have the meanings set forth in the Communica-
3	tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) unless otherwise
4	specified.
5	TITLE I—UNIVERSAL SERVICE
6	REFORM
7	SEC. 101. UNIVERSAL SERVICE REFORM PROCEDURES AND
8	PRINCIPLES.
9	Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of section 254 of the
10	Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254) are amend-
11	ed to read as follows:
12	"(a) Procedures to Reform Universal Serv-
13	ICE.—
14	"(1) Federal-state joint board on uni-
15	VERSAL SERVICE.—
16	"(A) Proceeding required.—Within 1
17	month after the date of enactment of the Uni-
18	versal Service Reform Act of 2010, the Com-
19	mission shall institute and refer to the Federal-
20	State Joint Board under section 410(c) a pro-
21	ceeding to recommend changes to any of its
22	regulations in order to implement section
23	214(e) and this section (as amended by the
24	Universal Service Reform Act of 2010), includ-
25	ing the definition of the services that are sup-

ported by Federal universal service support mechanisms and a specific timetable for the completion of such recommendations.

- "(B) Additional Member.—In addition to the members of the Joint Board required under section 410(c), 1 member of such Joint Board shall be a State-appointed utility consumer advocate nominated by a national organization of State utility consumer advocates.
- "(C) DEADLINE FOR JOINT BOARD.—The Joint Board shall, after notice and opportunity for public comment, make its recommendations to the Commission within 9 months after the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010.

"(2) Commission action.—

- "(A) DEADLINE FOR COMMISSION.—The Commission shall initiate a proceeding to consider the recommendations from the Joint Board required by paragraph (1)(C) and shall complete such proceeding within 18 months after the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010.
- "(B) REQUIREMENT.—The rules established by such proceeding shall include a defini-

- tion of the services that are supported by Federal universal service support mechanisms and a specific timetable for implementation.
- 4 "(b) Universal Service Principles.—The Joint 5 Board and the Commission shall base policies for the pres-6 ervation and advancement of universal service on the fol-7 lowing principles:
- 8 "(1) QUALITY AND RATES.—Quality services 9 should be available at just, reasonable, and afford-10 able rates.
- 11 "(2) ACCESS TO ADVANCED SERVICES.—Access 12 to advanced telecommunications and information 13 services should be provided in all regions of the Na-14 tion.
 - "(3) Access in Rural, insular, or high cost areas, should have access to the services the Commission determines to be universal services in accordance with subsection (c), including interexchange services and advanced telecommunications and information services, that are reasonably comparable to those services provided in urban areas and that are available at rates that are

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1	reasonably comparable to rates charged for similar
2	services in urban areas.
3	"(4) Comparable treatment of commu-
4	NICATIONS SERVICE PROVIDERS.—
5	"(A) EQUITABLE AND NONDISCRIM-
6	INATORY CONTRIBUTIONS.—All communications
7	service providers should make equitable and
8	nondiscriminatory contributions to the preserva-
9	tion and advancement of universal service.
10	"(B) Competitive neutrality.—Federal
11	and State mechanisms to preserve and advance
12	universal service should be competitively neutral
13	such that those mechanisms neither unfairly ad-
14	vantage nor disadvantage one communications
15	service provider over another and neither un-
16	fairly favor nor disfavor one technology over an-
17	other.
18	"(5) Explicit, specific, and predictable
19	SUPPORT MECHANISMS.—There should be explicit,
20	specific, predictable, and sufficient Federal and
21	State mechanisms to preserve and advance universal
22	service.
23	"(6) Access to advanced telecommuni-
24	CATIONS SERVICES FOR SCHOOLS, HEALTH CARE,
25	AND LIBRARIES.—Elementary and secondary schools

and classrooms, health care providers, and libraries should have access to advanced telecommunications services as described in subsection (h).

"(7) ADDITIONAL PRINCIPLES.—Such other principles as the Joint Board and the Commission determine are necessary and appropriate for the protection of the public interest, convenience, and necessity and are consistent with this Act.

"(c) Definition.—

"(1) In general.—Universal service includes the services defined on the day before the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010 as universal services, as modified by the Commission as necessary to implement the provisions of such Act, high-speed broadband service, and an evolving level of telecommunications and information services that the Commission shall establish periodically under this section, taking into account advances in telecommunications and information technologies and services.

"(2) ALTERATIONS AND MODIFICATIONS.—The Joint Board shall consider whether to recommend to the Commission modifications in the definition of the services that are supported by Federal universal

1	service support mechanisms not less than once every
2	5 years.
3	"(3) Considerations.—The Joint Board in
4	recommending, and the Commission in establishing,
5	the definition of the services that are supported by
6	Federal universal service support mechanisms shall
7	consider the extent to which such services—
8	"(A) are essential to education, public
9	health, or public safety;
10	"(B) have, through the operation of mar-
11	ket choices by customers, been subscribed to by
12	a substantial majority of residential customers;
13	"(C) are being deployed in public tele-
14	communications networks by communications
15	service providers; and
16	"(D) are consistent with the public inter-
17	est, convenience, and necessity.
18	"(4) Special services.—In addition to the
19	services included in the definition of universal serv-
20	ice under paragraph (1), the Commission may des-
21	ignate additional services for such support mecha-
22	nisms for schools, libraries, and health care pro-
23	viders for the purposes of subsection (h).
24	"(5) High-speed broadband service.—The
25	definition of universal service shall not be construed

1	to exclude eligible communications service providers
2	from using universal service funding for the provi-
3	sion, maintenance, and upgrading of high-speed
4	broadband service.".
5	SEC. 102. UNIVERSAL SERVICE SUPPORT CONTRIBUTIONS.
6	(a) In General.—Section 254(d) of the Commu-
7	nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(d)) is amended to
8	read as follows:
9	"(d) Universal Service Support Contribu-
10	TIONS.—
11	"(1) Calculating universal service sup-
12	PORT CONTRIBUTIONS.—
13	"(A) In General.—
14	"(i) Equitable.—To preserve and
15	advance universal service in accordance
16	with the principles in subsection (b), the
17	Commission shall assess contributions to
18	universal service support mechanisms from
19	communications service providers in a
20	manner that is equitable, competitively
21	neutral, nondiscriminatory, and ensures
22	that communications service providers are
23	subject to similar obligations.
24	"(ii) Methodology.—The Commis-
25	sion may employ any methodology to as-

1	sess such contributions, including a meth-
2	odology based on—
3	"(I) revenues derived from the
4	provision of intrastate, interstate, and
5	foreign telecommunications services
6	and information services by commu-
7	nications service providers;
8	"(II) working telephone numbers
9	used by communications service pro-
10	viders; or
11	"(III) any other current or suc-
12	cessor identifier protocols or connec-
13	tions to the network used by commu-
14	nications service providers.
15	"(B) Use of more than one method-
16	OLOGY.—If no one methodology designated
17	under subparagraph (A)(ii) effectuates the prin-
18	ciples described in this Act, the Commission
19	may employ a combination of any such meth-
20	odologies.
21	"(C) Low volume exception.—The
22	Commission shall not materially increase the
23	contributions of communications service pro-
24	viders whose customers typically make a low
25	volume of calls on a monthly basis.

"(D) DE MINIMIS EXCEPTION.—The Com-mission may exempt a communications service provider from the requirements of this sub-section if the amount of telecommunications services and information services provided by such provider are limited to such an extent that the level of contributions of such provider to the preservation and advancement of universal serv-ice would be de minimis.

- "(E) Group Plan Exception.—If the Commission uses a methodology under subparagraph (A)(ii) based in whole or in part on working telephone numbers, it may provide a discount for additional numbers provided under a group or family pricing plan for residential customers provided in one bill.
- "(F) DISCRETIONARY AUTHORITY.—If the Commission determines that it is in the public interest, any provider of a telecommunications service or an information service may be required to contribute to the preservation and advancement of universal service.

"(2) Reports.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall establish annual reporting requirements for all

- entities contributing to universal service support
 mechanisms or receiving universal service support.
 - "(B) NEUTRAL.—The reporting requirements shall not impose unnecessary burdens and shall be neutral with respect to technology and provider.
 - "(C) Review.—The Commission shall periodically review the reporting requirements to ensure that such requirements provide adequate information to ensure that universal service support is being used for the provision, maintenance, and upgrading of the facilities for which such support is intended.
 - "(3) Universal service support contribution limits.—In repurposing universal service support to ensure that all people in the United States have access to voice service and high-speed broadband service, the Commission shall not unreasonably increase the contribution burden on consumers.".
 - (b) STUDY OF CONTRIBUTION METHODOLOGIES.—
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Communications Commission shall complete a study,

1	including a cost-benefit analysis, of using a system
2	based on working telephone numbers or revenues for
3	calculating contributions by communications service
4	providers to universal service support mechanisms.
5	(2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
6	date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Commu-
7	nications Commission shall transmit to the Com-
8	mittee on Energy and Commerce of the House of
9	Representatives and the Committee on Commerce,
10	Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report
11	on the study conducted under paragraph (1) .
12	SEC. 103. UNIVERSAL SERVICE SUPPORT DISTRIBUTION.
13	Section 254(e) of the Communications Act of 1934
14	(47 U.S.C. 254(e)) is amended to read as follows:
15	"(e) Distribution and Use of Universal Serv-
16	ICE SUPPORT.—
17	"(1) In general.—
18	"(A) Eligibility.—Only a communica-
19	tions service provider designated as an eligible
20	communications service provider under section
21	214(e) shall be eligible to receive specific Fed-
22	eral universal service support.
23	"(B) USE RESTRICTION.—An eligible com-
24	munications service provider that receives such
25	support shall use that support only for the pro-

1 vision, maintenance, and upgrading of facilities 2 and facilities-based services for which the support is intended. 3 "(C) EXPLICIT AND SUFFICIENT.—Any 4 such support shall be explicit and sufficient to 6 achieve the purposes of this section. 7 "(2) Use of high-cost support.—The use of 8 high-cost support for all rural, insular, or high cost 9 areas— "(A) shall be expanded to include high-10 11 speed broadband service and any other service 12 that is determined to be a universal service by 13 the Commission under subsection (c); and 14 "(B) shall be available to eligible commu-15 nications service providers designated under 16 section 214(e), but, until such time as the Com-17 mission implements the new cost model re-18 quired by paragraph (3), an eligible commu-19 nications service provider that is also an incum-

bent local exchange carrier may elect to have

1	"(3) Calculating high-cost support for
2	ELIGIBLE COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE PROVIDERS
3	PROVIDING SERVICE IN RURAL, INSULAR, OR HIGH
4	COST AREAS.—
5	"(A) CALCULATING HIGH-COST SUP-
6	PORT.—
7	"(i) Development of cost
8	MODEL.—Within 2 years after the date of
9	enactment of the Universal Service Reform
10	Act of 2010, the Commission shall develop
11	a new cost model for the provision of high-
12	cost support to eligible communications
13	service providers to provide universal serv-
14	ice in rural, insular, and high cost areas,
15	taking into account the cost to eligible
16	communications service providers of pro-
17	viding voice service and high-speed
18	broadband service.
19	"(ii) Inclusive.—The new cost
20	model shall determine the cost of providing
21	voice service and high-speed broadband
22	service both on the basis of wire centers
23	and study areas.
24	"(iii) Data rate requirements.—
25	The Commission shall require eligible com-

munications service providers to meet the minimum data rate requirements established pursuant to subsection (q) no earlier than 3 years after support is initially disbursed pursuant to the new cost model.

"(iv) Maximization of access.—In developing the new cost model, the Commission shall ensure that the new cost model results in the maximum number of households that do not have access to high-speed broadband service as of the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010 obtaining such access as quickly as possible.

"(v) RATE OF RETURN REGULA-TION.—In developing the new cost model, the Commission shall develop and implement a mechanism that maintains rate-ofreturn regulation for the distribution of high-cost support to an eligible communications service provider subject to rateof-return regulation as of the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010.

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"(B) Consideration.—In determining the appropriate level of high-cost support for eligible communications service providers, the Commission may consider the net revenues derived by such providers from the provision of any services, including telecommunications service, high-speed broadband service, and multichannel video programming service that are offered in a service area over infrastructures receiving high-cost support.

"(C) Model for eligible communications service providers other than rural local exchange carriers to use the wire center results of the new cost model within 120 days after the Commission completes the revisions required by subparagraph (A).

"(D) Rural Lecs.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in clause (ii), the Commission shall require all rural local exchange carriers to use the study area results of the new cost model within 120 days after the Commis-

1	sion completes the revisions required by
2	subparagraph (A).
3	"(ii) Exception.—
4	"(I) Election.—Within 120
5	days after the Commission completes
6	the revisions required by subpara-
7	graph (A), any rural local exchange
8	carrier may make a one-time perma-
9	nent election to have the Commission
10	calculate the amount of high-cost sup-
11	port payable to such provider based
12	on the wire center results of the new
13	cost model instead of the study area
14	results of the new cost model.
15	"(II) Review.—The Commission
16	shall review and approve the transi-
17	tion to the wire center results of the
18	new cost model for any such provider
19	within 120 days after receiving notice
20	of such election.
21	"(E) Limitation on high-cost sup-
22	PORT.—High-cost support provided to an in-
23	cumbent local exchange carrier in accordance
24	with the new cost model shall be in lieu of any
25	Federal high-cost support mechanisms to which

1 the carrier was entitled on the day before the 2 date on which the Commission implements the 3 new cost model under subparagraph (A)(i). "(F) Process for reduction of sup-4 PORT FOR ILECS.— 6 "(i) IN GENERAL.— 7 "(I) REQUIREMENT.—Within 1 8 year after the Commission completes 9 the new cost model required by sub-10 paragraph (A), the Commission shall 11 develop and implement a recurring mechanism for reducing or elimi-12 13 nating the high-cost support provided 14 to an incumbent local exchange car-15 rier in the competitive portions of the incumbent local exchange carrier's 16 17 service areas and shall reduce or 18 eliminate high-cost support in such 19 areas. 20 "(II) INVESTMENT COSTS.— 21 When an incumbent local exchange 22 carrier has invested to fulfill the re-23 quirements of subparagraphs (A) 24 through (E) of section 214(e)(1) in 25 the portion of a service area that is

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subsequently found to be competitive, the Commission may, in recalculating the amount of per-line high-cost support provided to such carrier for the non-competitive portions of such service area, consider an appropriate amortization schedule for costs incurred to satisfy the buildout requirements in the areas that were previously determined pursuant to subclause (III) not to be competitive.

DEFINITION.—For poses of this subparagraph, in a service area (as defined in section 214) in which the Commission determines that at least 75 percent of the households can purchase wireline voice service and wired high-speed broadband service from an unsupported, facilities-based, non-incumbent provider, a competitive portion of a service area shall be that portion of a service area where households can purchase wireline voice service and wired high-

speed broadband service from such 1 2 provider. 3 "(ii) Recalculation.— "(I) IN GENERAL.—Such mechanism shall also include a methodology 6 for recalculating, in a service area in 7 which the Commission has determined 8 that there is a competitive portion, 9 the amount of per-line high-cost sup-10 port provided to an eligible commu-11 nications service provider for the non-12 competitive portions of such service 13 area to ensure comparable rates for 14 supported services in both the com-15 petitive and non-competitive portions 16 of the service area. 17 "(II) Considerations.—In de-18 veloping such methodology, the Com-19 mission may consider the net revenues 20 derived by such providers from the 21 provision of any services, including 22 telecommunications service, high-23 speed broadband service, and multi-24 channel video programming service

that are offered in a service area over

1	infrastructures receiving high-cost
2	support, except that the total amount
3	of high-cost support the incumbent
4	local exchange carrier receives for the
5	entire service area after applying such
6	methodology shall be no greater than
7	the total amount of high-cost support
8	the incumbent local exchange carrier
9	received with respect to the service
10	area on the day before such method-
11	ology was applied.
12	"(iii) Requirements.—The Commis-
13	sion shall also ensure that each unsup-
14	ported, facilities-based non-incumbent pro-
15	vider in the competitive portion of each
16	service area that such non-incumbent pro-
17	vider is authorized to serve and that is de-
18	termined by the Commission to be competi-
19	tive shall—
20	"(I) provide basic voice service of
21	standard quality and high-speed
22	broadband service to any requesting
23	residential customer in such area and
24	be able to provide such service upon

request, except that such provider

1	may impose, subject to rules adopted
2	by the Commission—
3	"(aa) reasonable require-
4	ments for creditworthiness, such
5	as requiring a security deposit;
6	and
7	"(bb) a just and reasonable
8	line extension charge to provide
9	service to any such customer
10	whose premises are located be-
11	yond a standard distance from
12	the provider's infrastructure;
13	"(II) provide residential cus-
14	tomers with the option to subscribe to
15	basic voice service on a stand-alone
16	basis without any term commitment
17	nor any penalty for early termination
18	of the subscription;
19	"(III) provide toll limitation (as
20	defined in section 54.400(d) of title
21	47, Code of Federal Regulations, as of
22	the date of enactment of the Universal
23	Service Reform Act of 2010) if the
24	provider offers basic voice service that
25	does not include unlimited local and

1	domestic interexchange calling for a
2	flat monthly rate;
3	"(IV) offer access to tele-
4	communications relay services in ac-
5	cordance with Commission require-
6	ments; and
7	"(V) comply with Commission re-
8	quirements regarding—
9	"(aa) appropriate notice and
10	approval before discontinuing
11	service;
12	"(bb) emergency prepared-
13	ness and network outages; and
14	"(cc) the provision of 911
15	and E911 service.
16	"(iv) Limitation.—A State may not
17	impose or enforce any carrier-of-last-resort
18	requirements on any unsupported, facili-
19	ties-based non-incumbent provider in a
20	service area that the Commission has de-
21	termined is competitive.
22	"(G) Tribal lands.—
23	"(i) In General.—Notwithstanding
24	any other provision of this paragraph, the
25	Commission shall not reduce high-cost sup-

port for tribal lands under section

54.400(e) of title 47, Code of Federal Reg
ulations, unless the Commission makes an

affirmative finding that such reductions

are in the public interest.

"(ii) Requirements for finding.—
In making a finding under clause (i), the Commission shall consider whether residents of such tribal lands have access to the services the Commission determines to be universal services in accordance with subsection (c), including interexchange services and advanced telecommunications and information services, that are reasonably comparable to those services provided in urban areas and that are available at rates that are reasonably comparable to rates charged for similar services in urban areas, consistent with subsection (b)(3).

"(H) HOLD HARMLESS.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall ensure that, for 1 year after the Commission implements the new cost model under subparagraph (A)(i), no incumbent local exchange carrier receives

less high-cost support in a service area
than the incumbent local exchange carrier
was receiving in high-cost support in such
area on the day before the Commission implements such new cost model.

"(ii) Determination.—The Commission shall determine the difference between the amount an incumbent local exchange carrier was receiving in high-cost support on the day before the Commission implements such new cost model and the amount that such incumbent local exchange carrier would receive after the Commission implements such new cost model and shall, beginning in the fifth quarter that begins after the Commission implements such new cost model, reduce the amount of such difference in equal increments over a 5-year period such that the amount of the difference has been reduced to zero at the end of such period.".

22 SEC. 104. ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS OF UNIVERSAL SERVICE

23 SUPPORT.

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24 (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Commu-25 nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (1)—
2	(A) by striking "Eligible Telecommuni-
3	CATIONS CARRIERS.—A common carrier" and
4	all that follows through "paragraph (2), (3), or
5	(6)" and inserting the following: "Eligible
6	COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE PROVIDER.—A com-
7	munications service provider designated as an
8	eligible communications service provider under
9	paragraph (2), (3), (6), or (8)";
10	(B) by striking "throughout the service
11	area for which" and inserting "throughout the
12	portions of a service area that the Commission
13	has not determined are competitive, where the
14	eligible communications service provider accepts
15	support, and for which";
16	(C) in subparagraph (A),
17	(i) by striking "services that are" and
18	inserting "services, except for high-speed
19	broadband service, that are"; and
20	(ii) by striking "; and" and inserting
21	the following: "and adhere to the State
22	carrier-of-last-resort requirements that are
23	imposed on incumbent local exchange car-
24	riers serving such service area;";

(D) in subparagraph (B), by striking the 1 2 period at the end and inserting the following: 3 "throughout the service area and advertise the 4 availability of life-line and link-up services in a manner reasonably designed to reach those like-6 ly to qualify for those services;"; and 7 (E) by adding at the end the following: "(C) demonstrate the ability to remain 8 9 functional in emergency situations; 10 "(D) comply with applicable State and 11 Federal consumer protection and service quality 12 standards; and 13 "(E) notwithstanding subparagraph (A), in 14 an area where an eligible communications serv-15 ice provider elects to receive high-cost support 16 and high-speed broadband service is not other-17 wise available, meet the basic requirements for 18 the deployment of high-speed broadband service 19 and provide high-speed broadband service either 20 itself or through resale of another provider's 21 services, including, for purposes of this sub-22 paragraph only, the resale of satellite

broadband service, except that the Commission

shall establish a process in which—

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"(i) a determination can be made to waive the requirements of this subparagraph for 3 years upon a communications service provider's application covering all or part of such communications service provider's service area demonstrating that the deployment and provision of high-speed broadband service is not technically feasible or would materially impair the communications service provider's ability to continue to provide local exchange service throughout its service area, except that a waiver shall be deemed automatically granted under this clause for a communications service provider demonstrating that the cost per line of deploying and providing high-speed broadband service to unserved high cost portions of its service area is at least 3 times the national average cost per line of providing high-speed broadband service or demonstrating that there is insufficient satellite capacity to meet the requirements to provide highspeed broadband service, subject to the renewal provisions set forth in clause (ii);

1	(11) the communications service pro-
2	vider may seek renewal of such waiver
3	every 3 years for as long as the deploy-
4	ment and provision of high-speed
5	broadband service is not technically fea-
6	sible or would materially impair the com-
7	munications service provider's ability to
8	continue to provide local exchange service
9	throughout its service area or the cost per
10	line of deploying and providing high-speed
11	broadband service to unserved high cost
12	portions of its service area remains at least
13	3 times the national average cost per line
14	of providing high-speed broadband service
15	or there continues to be insufficient sat-
16	ellite capacity to meet the requirements to
17	provide high-speed broadband service; and
18	"(iii) any application of a communica-
19	tions service provider for a waiver pursu-
20	ant to clause (i) on which the Commission
21	has not taken final action within 60 days
22	after the date of submission to the Com-
23	mission shall be deemed granted.";
24	(2) by amending paragraphs (2) through (4) to
25	read as follows:

"(2) Eligibility criteria.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the criteria specified in paragraph (1), the Commission shall establish such additional eligibility criteria for the receipt of universal service support by eligible communications service providers as it deems necessary and in the public interest. The criteria established in paragraph (1) and the criteria established by the Commission pursuant to this paragraph shall be used by State commissions in determining which providers shall be designated as eligible recipients of universal service support for the purpose of paragraph (3).

- "(B) Additional designation.—The Commission may establish a life-line service provider designation that is not subject to the eligibility requirements in paragraph (1) or the eligibility criteria established in subparagraph (A).
- "(3) DESIGNATION OF ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS.—
 A State commission shall, upon its own motion or upon request, designate as an eligible recipient of universal service support only those providers meeting the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2).

1	"(4) Grandfather Provision.—
2	"(A) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—A
3	communications service provider who was a re-
4	cipient of high-cost support in any service area
5	prior to the date of enactment of the Universal
6	Service Reform Act of 2010 shall, for those
7	areas where high-cost support provided by sec-
8	tion 254(e)(3) is available and the communica-
9	tions service provider elects to receive such sup-
10	port, meet the eligibility requirements for an el-
11	igible communications service provider—
12	"(i) as described in paragraphs (1)(A)
13	through (D), within 1 year after the date
14	of enactment of the Universal Service Re-
15	form Act of 2010; and
16	"(ii) as described in paragraph
17	(1)(E), within 5 years after such date of
18	enactment.
19	"(B) Failure to meet require-
20	MENTS.—Failure of such recipient to maintain
21	and meet the eligibility requirements within the
22	period required by subparagraph (A) shall re-
23	quire the automatic termination of specific Fed-
24	eral universal service support to such recipient

and such recipient shall simultaneously be re-

1	lieved of its obligation under this section, except
2	as described in subparagraph (E).
3	"(C) Partial compliance.—
4	"(i) In general.—Such recipient is
5	permitted to maintain and meet the eligi-
6	bility requirements in part of its service
7	territory and is eligible to continue to re-
8	ceive specific Federal universal service sup-
9	port in those service areas within its serv-
10	ice territory in which it meets the eligibility
11	requirements.
12	"(ii) Definition.—For the purposes
13	of clause (i), the term 'service territory'
14	means all of the service areas in which the
15	communications service provider is offer-
16	ing, or is designated by the Commission or
17	by a State commission to offer, services
18	that are supported by Federal universal
19	service support mechanisms.
20	"(D) Rule of Construction.—Nothing
21	in this paragraph shall be construed to prohibit
22	such recipient from obtaining a waiver under
23	paragraph (1)(E).
24	"(E) Life-line and link-up excep-
25	TION.—A recipient of universal service support

1 in any service area prior to the date of enact-2 ment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 3 2010 that relinquishes its eligible telecommuni-4 cations carrier or eligible communications serv-5 ice provider designation shall continue to offer 6 and receive support for providing life-line and 7 link-up service to its subscribers throughout its 8 service area unless another provider is des-9 ignated as an eligible communications service 10 provider or a life-line service provider in all or 11 part of that service area."; 12 (3) in paragraph (6)— 13 (A) in the heading, by striking "COMMON 14 CARRIERS" and inserting "COMMUNICATIONS 15 SERVICE PROVIDERS"; (B) by striking "common carrier" each 16 17 place it appears and inserting "communications 18 service provider"; 19 (C) by striking "eligible telecommunications carrier" each place it appears and in-20 21 serting "eligible communications service provider"; and 22 (D) by striking "carrier" and inserting 23 "provider"; and 24

(4) by adding at the end the following:

"(7) Amount of specific federal universal service support available to mobile wireless communications service providers.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall establish the amount of high-cost support to be distributed to all mobile wireless communications service providers designated as eligible communications service providers under this subsection through a competitive bidding process established by the Commission.
- "(B) LIMITATION.—The amount of such high-cost support available to be distributed annually to mobile wireless communications service providers shall not exceed the amount of high-cost support received by all mobile wireless communications service providers for rural, insular, or high cost areas in the last full calendar year immediately preceding the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010.
- "(8) Competitive bidding process for mobile wireless communications service providers to provide service to

1	rural, insular, or high cost areas that incorporates
2	the following:
3	"(A) To participate in the competitive bid-
4	ding process, a mobile wireless communications
5	service provider shall—
6	"(i) be designated as an eligible com-
7	munications service provider under this
8	subsection or commit to immediately seek-
9	ing such designation under this subsection
10	if the Commission selects its bid; and
11	"(ii) establish that it is legally, tech-
12	nically, financially, and otherwise qualified
13	to serve a rural, insular, or high cost area.
14	"(B) The Commission shall determine
15	whether a mobile wireless communications serv-
16	ice provider is legally, technically, financially,
17	and otherwise qualified to serve a rural, insular,
18	or high cost area in approximately the same
19	manner as the Commission uses to qualify par-
20	ticipants for the Commission's wireless spec-
21	trum auctions.
22	"(C) The Commission shall seek competi-
23	tive bids to provide mobile wireless communica-
24	tions service in rural, insular, or high cost areas
25	where there are at least 3 mobile wireless com-

munications service providers qualified to bid. In rural, insular, or high cost areas where there are not at least 3 mobile wireless communications service providers qualified to bid, the Commission shall continue to provide support at the per-line level in effect as of the day before the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010, subject to adjustment over time pursuant to the interim cap on support to competitive eligible telecommunications carriers adopted by the Commission prior to such date of enactment.

"(D) Prior to soliciting competitive bids, the Commission shall issue a request for proposals identifying the area a winning bidder must serve and the minimum requirements for serving such area. In determining the appropriate service area for competitive bidding, the Commission shall take into account existing service areas for providing mobile wireless communications service, including the areas where mobile wireless communications service providers are licensed to provide service.

"(E) No more than 2 mobile wireless communications service providers shall be selected

1	by the Commission to receive high-cost support
2	in each service area based on the Commission's
3	evaluation of the competitive bids received for
4	each service area. In evaluating competitive bids
5	received for each service area, the amount of
6	the bid and the minimum broadband speeds
7	proposed by each mobile wireless communica-
8	tions service provider shall be primary factors
9	in selecting a winning bid, but the Commission
10	may take into account other factors, including
11	timing of service buildout.
12	"(F) When awarding bids to mobile wire-
13	less communications service providers, the Com-
14	mission shall prioritize funding as follows:
15	"(i) First, to service areas where no
16	mobile wireless communications service
17	provider offers voice service.
18	"(ii) Second, to service areas where no
19	mobile wireless communications service
20	provider offers high-speed broadband serv-
21	ice.
22	"(iii) Third, to all other service areas.
23	"(G) If the Commission selects a bid from
24	a mobile wireless communications service pro-
25	vider that has not been designated as an eligible

communications service provider in that service area, the mobile wireless communications service provider shall apply for such designation within 1 month after the date the Commission selects its bid. The Commission or applicable State commission shall act on such application within 6 months after the date of its receipt.

"(H) Each mobile wireless communications service provider selected as a Federal universal service provider for a service area shall receive high-cost support based on each mobile wireless communications service provider's respective bid for a multi-year period, up to 10 years, as determined by the Commission to be appropriate, after which time the area shall be rebid.

"(I) If high-cost support is made available to a second mobile wireless communications service provider in an area that is subject to competitive bidding, the amount of such support shall be based on that mobile wireless communications service provider's bid and shall be no more than the amount of high-cost support awarded by the Commission to the first mobile wireless communications service provider in such area.

"(J) Each mobile wireless communications
service provider that is selected to serve each
service area shall execute a service contract
with the Commission.

"(K) The Commission shall provide for a transition to competitive bidding from the current system of high-cost support for wireless providers that shall last no longer than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010. As of the date the Commission implements competitive bidding, provider-specific Federal universal service adjustments to wireless support imposed by the Commission in effect as of the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010 shall also be superseded."

17 (b) DEFINITIONS.—Paragraph (5) of section 214(e) 18 is amended to read as follows:

"(5) SERVICE AREA DEFINED.—As used in this subsection, the term 'service area' means a targeted geographic area determined by the Commission as requiring universal service support and used by the Commission for the purpose of determining universal service obligations and support mechanisms for eligible communications service providers except that an

- 1 eligible communications service provider's service
- 2 area shall not include geographic areas that the pro-
- 3 vider is not authorized to serve. In the case of an
- 4 area served by a rural local exchange carrier, such
- 5 term means such carrier's 'study area' or the li-
- 6 censed or authorized service area of any other com-
- 7 munications service provider serving an area that
- 8 overlaps with the service area of a rural local ex-
- 9 change carrier.".
- 10 (c) Payphone Service.—Nothing in this Act or in
- 11 the amendments made by this Act shall limit the authority
- 12 of the Joint Board established under section 254 of the
- 13 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254) to rec-
- 14 ommend or of the Federal Communications Commission
- 15 to define payphone service as a service supported by Fed-
- 16 eral universal service support mechanisms under such sec-
- 17 tion as such authority existed on the day before the date
- 18 of enactment of this Act.
- 19 SEC. 105. REMOVAL OF IMPEDIMENTS TO SUFFICIENT SUP-
- 20 **PORT MECHANISMS.**
- 21 Section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
- 22 U.S.C. 254) is further amended by adding at the end the
- 23 following new subsection:
- 24 "(m) Removal of Limitations on Universal
- 25 Support Mechanisms.—The limitations on universal

- 1 service support contained in section 54.305 of the Com-
- 2 mission's regulations (47 CFR 54.305) and the individual
- 3 caps imposed upon carriers contained in section 36.631
- 4 of the Commission's regulations (47 CFR 36.631) shall
- 5 cease to be effective on the date of enactment of the Uni-
- 6 versal Service Reform Act of 2010.".

7 SEC. 106. SCOPE OF SUPPORT.

- 8 Section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
- 9 U.S.C. 254) is further amended by adding after subsection
- 10 (m), as added by section 105 of this Act, the following
- 11 new subsection:
- 12 "(n) Scope of Support.—The Commission, in im-
- 13 plementing the requirements of this section (as amended
- 14 by the Universal Service Reform Act of 2010 with respect
- 15 to the distribution and use of high-cost support), shall not
- 16 limit the distribution and use of high-cost support to a
- 17 single connection or primary line, and all residential and
- 18 business lines served by an eligible communications service
- 19 provider shall be eligible for high-cost support.".
- 20 SEC. 107. APPLICATION OF ANTIDEFICIENCY ACT; INVEST-
- 21 MENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS.
- Section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47)
- 23 U.S.C. 254) is further amended by adding after subsection
- 24 (n), as added by section 106 of this Act, the following new
- 25 subsections:

1	"(o) Proper Accounting of Universal Service
2	CONTRIBUTIONS.—
3	"(1) From all budgets.—Notwithstanding
4	any other provision of law, the receipts and disburse-
5	ments of universal service contributions under this
6	section shall not be counted as new budget author-
7	ity, outlays, receipts, deficit, or surplus for purposes
8	of—
9	"(A) the budget of the United States Gov-
10	ernment as submitted by the President;
11	"(B) the Congressional budget;
12	"(C) the Balanced Budget and Emergency
13	Deficit Control Act of 1985; or
14	"(D) any other law requiring budget se-
15	questers.
16	"(2) Additional exemptions.—Section 1341,
17	subchapter II of chapter 15, and sections 3302,
18	3321, 3322, and 3325 of title 31, United States
19	Code, shall not apply to—
20	"(A) the collection and receipt of universal
21	service contributions, including the interest
22	earned on such contributions; or
23	"(B) disbursements or other obligations
24	authorized by the Commission under this sec-
25	tion.

1	"(p) Investment of Universal Service Support
2	CONTRIBUTIONS.—Notwithstanding any other provision
3	of law, including sections 3302, 3321, 3322, and 3325 of
4	title 31, United States Code, the cash balance of receipts
5	of universal service support contributions collected pursu-
6	ant to this section shall be invested by the Commission
7	or its designee in conservative, liquid, interest-bearing in-
8	vestment vehicles of Government backed securities until
9	such time as such receipts are disbursed pursuant to this
10	section.".
11	SEC. 108. STATE AUTHORITY.
12	Section 254(f) of the Communications Act of 1934
13	(47 U.S.C. 254(f)) is amended to read as follows:
14	"(f) STATE AUTHORITY.—
15	"(1) In General.—A State may adopt regula-
16	tions not inconsistent with the Commission's rules to
17	preserve and advance universal service. In adopting
18	those rules, a State may require communications
19	service providers to contribute to universal service on
20	the basis of a billing address or service address as-
21	signed to that State for—
22	"(A) revenues derived from the provision
23	of intrastate telecommunications services by
24	communications service providers;

1	"(B) working telephone numbers used by
2	communications service providers; or
3	"(C) any other current or successor identi-
4	fier protocols or connections to the network
5	used by communications service providers.
6	"(2) Disregard of interstate compo-
7	NENT.—With respect to a combination of services
8	that includes interstate services, the Commission
9	shall determine how States may calculate the pro-
10	portion of intrastate services for which they are per-
11	mitted to make an assessment.
12	"(3) Guidelines.—Regulations adopted by a
13	State under this subsection shall result in a specific,
14	predictable, and sufficient mechanism to support
15	universal service and shall be competitively and tech-
16	nologically neutral, equitable, and nondiscrim-
17	inatory.".
18	SEC. 109. MINIMUM DATA RATE REQUIREMENTS.
19	Section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
20	U.S.C. 254) is further amended by adding after subsection
21	(p), as added by section 107 of this Act, the following new
22	subsection:
23	"(q) Minimum Data Rate Requirements.—
24	"(1) In general.—Within 90 days after the
25	date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform

- 1 Act of 2010, the Commission shall adopt a minimum
- 2 data rate requirement for high-speed broadband
- 3 service.
- 4 "(2) Commission speed adjustment re-
- 5 QUIREMENTS.—Beginning in the sixth year after the
- date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform
- 7 Act of 2010 and periodically thereafter, the Commis-
- 8 sion shall review the minimum data rate requirement
- 9 in paragraph (1) and shall make adjustments, if nec-
- essary, as the advancement and deployment of tech-
- 11 nology allows eligible communications service pro-
- viders to provide broadband service at increased
- minimum data rates to end users in an economically
- 14 rational manner.".

15 TITLE II—ACCOUNTABILITY

- 16 SEC. 201. PERFORMANCE MEASURES.
- 17 Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
- 18 the Federal Communications Commission shall establish
- 19 and implement outcome-oriented performance goals and
- 20 measures for each universal service support program.
- 21 SEC. 202. AUDITS.
- The Federal Communications Commission shall,
- 23 within 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
- 24 establish rules to—

- 1 (1) determine the appropriate audit method-2 ology for audits of recipients of Federal universal 3 service support;
 - (2) ensure that universal service support auditors are trained in universal service support program compliance and audit only in connection with such compliance;
 - (3) provide that auditors may not penalize recipients of universal service support by requesting and auditing for program compliance records, including copies of invoices for equipment purchased or maintained with program disbursements, that are older than records that recipients of universal service support are required to retain pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's rules; and
 - (4) provide that any appeal of a finding by the Universal Service Administrative Company or any successor organization in connection with a program audit is resolved by the Federal Communications Commission within 180 days after the date of filing of such appeal.

22 SEC. 203. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

The Federal Communications Commission shall, not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act and triennially thereafter, report to Congress regarding

the availability of the services designated by the Commis-2 sion as universal services, including the availability of such 3 services to schools, libraries, rural health care providers, 4 and low income consumers. Such report shall include the 5 outcome-oriented performance goals and measures for 6 each universal service support program, an analysis of the implementation of such goals and measures, and an anal-8 ysis of the progress towards meeting such goals and meas-9 ures. TITLE III—INTERCARRIER 10 **COMPENSATION REFORM** 11 12 SEC. 301. INTERCARRIER COMPENSATION REFORM. 13 (a) AUTHORITY.— 14 (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other 15 provision of law, the Federal Communications Com-16 mission shall have authority to reform intercarrier 17 compensation systems for both interstate and intra-18 state traffic. 19 (2) Deadline.—The Federal Communications 20 Commission shall complete an initial intercarrier 21 compensation reform proceeding within 1 year after 22 the date of enactment of this Act. 23 (3) Private arrangements.—Entities that

are required to participate in intercarrier compensa-

tion shall be permitted to enter into arrangements

24

25

- 1 by mutual agreement for the exchange of traffic
- without regard to the rules established by the Fed-
- 3 eral Communications Commission pursuant to this
- 4 subsection.
- 5 (b) Intercarrier Compensation Recovery
- 6 Mechanism.—If, at any time after the date of enactment
- 7 of this Act, the Federal Communications Commission
- 8 mandates that intercarrier compensation revenues be re-
- 9 covered through an alternate revenue recovery mechanism,
- 10 the Federal Communications Commission may establish
- 11 such mechanism to be included as high-cost support.
- 12 SEC. 302. NETWORK TRAFFIC IDENTIFICATION ACCOUNT-
- 13 ABILITY STANDARDS.
- Part II of title II of the Communications Act of 1934
- 15 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 16 "SEC. 262. NETWORK TRAFFIC IDENTIFICATION ACCOUNT-
- 17 ABILITY STANDARDS.
- 18 "(a) Network Traffic Identification Stand-
- 19 ARDS.—A communications service provider shall ensure,
- 20 to the degree technically possible and in accordance with
- 21 industry standards, that all traffic that originates on its
- 22 network contains or, in the case of non-originated traffic,
- 23 preserves sufficient information in call signaling to allow
- 24 for traffic identification by other communications service
- 25 providers that transport or terminate such traffic, includ-

- 1 ing the telephone number of the calling and called parties
- 2 and such other information as the Commission deems ap-
- 3 propriate. Except as otherwise permitted by the Commis-
- 4 sion, to the degree technically possible, a communications
- 5 service provider that transports traffic between commu-
- 6 nications service providers shall transmit without altering
- 7 the call signaling information it receives from another
- 8 communications service provider.
- 9 "(b) Network Traffic Identification Rule-
- 10 Making.—The Commission shall establish rules for traffic
- 11 identification consistent with this section within 180 days
- 12 after the date of enactment of the Universal Service Re-
- 13 form Act of 2010.
- 14 "(c) Network Traffic Identification Enforce-
- 15 MENT.—The Commission shall adopt and enforce pen-
- 16 alties, fines, and sanctions under this section.".
- 17 SEC. 303. TRAFFIC PUMPING.
- 18 (a) Traffic Stimulation Charge.—The term
- 19 "traffic stimulation charge" means any switched access or
- 20 reciprocal compensation charge assessed by a local ex-
- 21 change carrier upon a connecting carrier for delivery of
- 22 telecommunications during which a free or below cost serv-
- 23 ice or product is provided by an entity with which the local
- 24 exchange carrier has a business, financial, or contractual
- 25 arrangement relating directly or indirectly to switched ac-

1	cess or reciprocal compensation revenues from the offering
2	of such service or product.
3	(b) Prohibition.—The assessment of a traffic stim-
4	ulation charge constitutes an unreasonable practice under
5	section 201(b) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
6	U.S.C. 201(b)), and local exchange carriers are prohibited
7	from assessing traffic stimulation charges.
8	(c) No Presumption of Validity.—Nothing in
9	this Act shall be construed as indicating that traffic stimu-
10	lation charges assessed prior to the effective date of this
11	Act were just, reasonable, or in accordance with the Com-
12	munications Act of 1934 or any other statute, regulation,
12	tariff or policy
13	tariff, or policy.
14	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE
14	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE
14 15	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS
14151617	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS SEC. 401. RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS.
14151617	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS SEC. 401. RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of section 254(h)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
14 15 16 17 18	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS SEC. 401. RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of section 254(h)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
141516171819	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS SEC. 401. RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of section 254(h)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(h)(1)(A)) is amended to read as follows:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS SEC. 401. RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of section 254(h)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(h)(1)(A)) is amended to read as follows: "(A) HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR RURAL
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS SEC. 401. RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of section 254(h)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(h)(1)(A)) is amended to read as follows: "(A) HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR RURAL AREAS.—Within 180 days after the date of en-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	TITLE IV—RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS SEC. 401. RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of section 254(h)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(h)(1)(A)) is amended to read as follows: "(A) HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR RURAL AREAS.—Within 180 days after the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of

1 quest, provide covered services which are nec-2 essary for the provision of health care services in a State, including instruction relating to 3 4 such services, to any public or not-for-profit health care provider that serves persons who re-6 side in rural areas in that State at rates that 7 are reasonably comparable to rates charged for similar services in urban areas in that State. A 8 9 communications service provider providing serv-10 ice under this subparagraph shall be entitled to 11 have an amount equal to the difference, if any, 12 between the rates for services provided to health 13 care providers for rural areas in a State and 14 the rates for similar services in urban areas in 15 that State treated as a service obligation as a 16 part of its obligation to participate in the mech-17 anisms to preserve and advance universal serv-18 ice.". (b) Definition of Health Care Provider.—

- 19 20 Subparagraph (B) of section 254(h)(7) of such Act (47) 21 U.S.C. 254(h)(7)(B)) is amended to read as follows:
- 22 "(B) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term 23 'health care provider' means—

1	"(i) post-secondary educational insti-
2	tutions offering health care instruction,
3	teaching hospitals, and medical schools;
4	"(ii) community health centers or
5	health centers providing health care to mi-
6	grants;
7	"(iii) local health departments or
8	agencies;
9	"(iv) community mental health cen-
10	ters;
11	"(v) not-for-profit hospitals;
12	"(vi) critical access hospitals;
13	"(vii) rural hospitals with emergency
14	rooms;
15	"(viii) rural health clinics;
16	"(ix) not-for-profit nursing facilities
17	or not-for-profit skilled nursing facilities;
18	"(x) hospice providers;
19	"(xi) emergency medical services fa-
20	cilities;
21	"(xii) rural dialysis facilities;
22	"(xiii) elementary, secondary, and
23	post-secondary school health clinics; and

1	"(xiv) consortia of health care pro-
2	viders consisting of one or more entities
3	described in clauses (i) through (xiii).".
4	(c) Definition of Rural for Health Care Sup-
5	PORT.—Section 254(h)(7) of such Act (47 U.S.C.
6	254(h)(7)) is further amended by adding at the end the
7	following new subparagraph:
8	"(J) Rural Area.—Within 180 days after
9	the date of enactment of the Universal Service
10	Reform Act of 2010, the Commission shall pre-
11	scribe regulations that provide that, for pur-
12	poses of the rural health care universal service
13	support mechanisms established pursuant to
14	this subsection, a 'rural area' is—
15	"(i) any incorporated or unincor-
16	porated place in the United States, its ter-
17	ritories and insular possessions (including
18	any area within the Federated States of
19	Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall
20	Islands and the Republic of Palau) that
21	has no more than 20,000 inhabitants
22	based on the most recent available popu-
23	lation statistics from the Census Bureau;
24	"(ii) any area located outside of the
25	boundaries of any incorporated or unincor-

porated city, village, or borough having a 1 2 population exceeding 20,000; 3 "(iii) any area with a population den-4 sity of fewer than 250 persons per square mile; or 6 "(iv) any place that qualified as a 7 'rural area' and received support from the 8 rural health care support mechanism pur-9 suant to the Commission's rules in effect prior to December 1, 2004, and that con-10 11 tinues to qualify as a 'rural area' pursuant 12 to such rules.". 13 (d) Schools, Libraries, Rural Health Care, LIFE-LINE, LINK-UP, AND TOLL LIMITATION HOLD 14 15 HARMLESS.—Except as provided in subsections (h)(1)(A), 16 (h)(7)(B), and (h)(7)(J) of section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254), as amended by this section— 18 19 (1) nothing in this Act (and the amendments 20 made by this Act) shall be construed as limiting, changing, modifying, or altering the amount or 21 22 means of distribution of or, with respect to schools 23 and libraries, eligibility to receive universal service 24 support for the schools, libraries, rural health care, 25 life-line, link-up, and toll limitation programs; and

1 (2) the Federal Communications Commission 2 shall ensure that such amendments do not result in 3 a decrease of such support to a level below the level 4 for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which 5 this Act is enacted.

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